

Interviews with participants from Björn Guðfinnsson's study

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Intro



- Three major overview studies in regional pronunciation
 - Björn Guðfinnsson (BG) (1940s)
 - RÍN (1980s)
 - RAUN (2010s)
- The third/fourth interview with Björn Guðfinnsson's original participants
- Participants born in 1928–1932
- 23 interviews (10 women and 13 men)

Roadmap



- General information about the work we did this summer
- Three previous studies on regional pronunciation
 - Björn Guðfinnsson's study
 - The RÍN study
 - The RAUN study
- Initial results
- Possible outcomes and further work

Summer of 2023

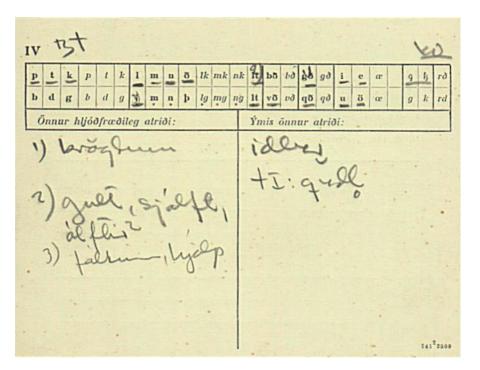


- Development of the so-called "interview framework" scripts for interviews
 - Four different scripts for four different dialect regions
 - Each script has four sections:
 - General information
 - Reading
 - Listening and evaluation
 - Self-evaluation
- Pilot study (6 interviews)
- Organizing interviews
 - Contacting participants
 - Organization of trips around the country
 - Profiles of participants

Björn Guðfinnsson (1940s)



- 6520 children, mostly 10–13 y/o
- Reading of short texts
- No recordings
- Harðmæli (e. hard speech)
- Raddaður framburður (e. voiced pronunciation)



An example of Björn Guðfinnsson's analysis during interviews. This is one of the participants we interviewed in Akureyri this summer — around 80 years later.

RÍN (1980s) and RAUN (2010s)



- Some of Björn Guðfinnsson's participants from the 1940s participated in a second study on regional pronunciation, RÍN, in the 1980s, directed by Höskuldur Þráinsson and Kristján Árnason
- Some of Björn Guðfinnsson's participants also participated in the RAUN study in 2010–2013, directed by Höskuldur Þráinsson
- Some participated in all three of those studies on regional pronunciation, others only two

Results: The interviews

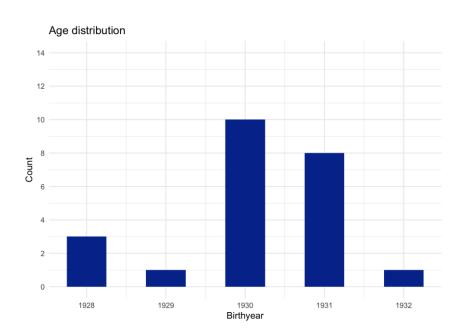


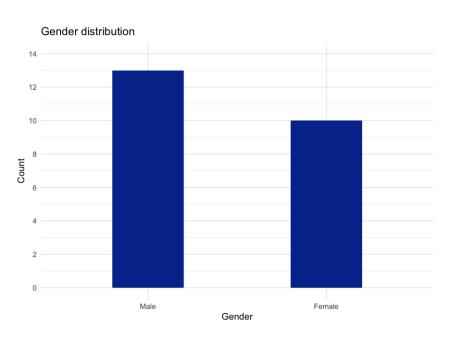
- The interviews were conducted in the participants' homes
- The visits lasted from 45 minutes to more than two hours
- A considerable amount of time was spent chatting and looking at family photos, books, handicraft etc.
- Not all participants were able to complete all the tasks





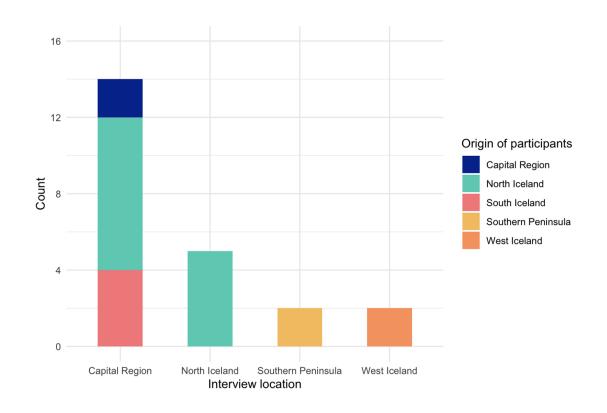
Total number of participants: 23 (all had participated in BG as children) Age range: 91–95 years





Results: Interview locations and origin of participants





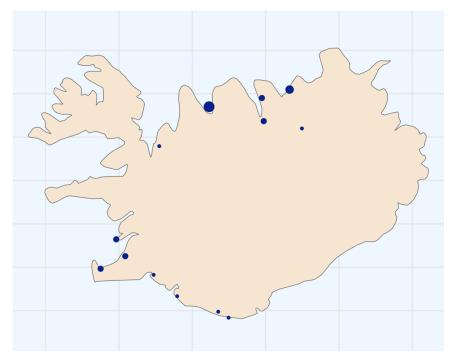
11 participants still lived in their original dialect area

12 participants had moved away from their original dialect area

Results: Interview locations and origin of participants







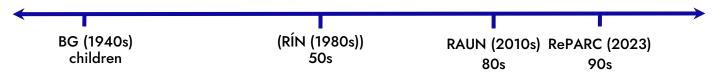
Interview locations

Origin of participants

Future use of the collected data



The third/fourth interview where these participants' pronunciation is tested → invaluable data in research on language change across the lifespan



- In-depth interviews provided detailed information on the participants' lifespan → maintenance/abandonment of dialects in light of factors such as upbringing, education, employment, places of residence, gender, age etc.
- Attitudes, perception and awareness of the participants' own and others' dialect → self-identity and folk linguistics
- A running online survey followed by in-depth interviews → comparison with other generations

Bibliography



Björn Guðfinnsson. (1946). Mállýzkur I. Ísafoldarprentsmiðja.

Margrét Guðmundsdóttir. (2022). Mál á mannsævi: 70 ára þróun tilbrigða í framburði – einstaklingar og samfélag [doktorsritgerð]. Opin vísindi. https://hdl.handle.net/20.500.11815/3419



Thank you for your attention!